



Diphenylamine in Methanesulfonic acid

Safety Data Sheet

According To Federal Register / Vol. 77, No. 58 / Monday, March 26, 2012 / Rules And Regulations
Revision Date: 09/06/2017 Date of Issue: 09/06/2017

Version: 1.0

SECTION 1: IDENTIFICATION

1.1. Product Identifier

Product Form: Mixture

Product Name: Diphenylamine in Methanesulfonic acid

Note: This product is contained in 0.78 - 0.83 mL sealed glass ampoules in a polyethylene dropper.

1.2. Intended Use of the Product

Use of the Substance/Mixture: Gunshot residue detection. For professional use only.

1.3. Name, Address, and Telephone of the Responsible Party

Company

QuickSilver Analytics, Inc.
231 Sloop Point Loop Road
Hampstead, NC 28443
(410) 676-4300
www.qckslvr.com

Manufacturer

QuickSilver Analytics, Inc.
231 Sloop Point Loop Road
Hampstead, NC 28443
(410) 676-4300
www.qckslvr.com

1.4. Emergency Telephone Number

Emergency Number : 410-303-8742; CHEMTREC (24 hours): 703-527-3887

SECTION 2: HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

2.1. Classification of the Substance or Mixture

GHS-US Classification

Met. Corr. 1	H290
Acute Tox. 4 (Oral)	H302
Acute Tox. 4 (Dermal)	H312
Skin Corr. 1B	H314
Eye Dam. 1	H318
STOT SE 3	H335
Aquatic Acute 2	H401
Aquatic Chronic 3	H412

Full text of hazard classes and H-statements : see section 16

2.2. Label Elements

GHS-US Labeling

Hazard Pictograms (GHS-US)



Signal Word (GHS-US)

: Danger

Hazard Statements (GHS-US)

: H290 - May be corrosive to metals.
H302+H312 - Harmful if swallowed or in contact with skin.
H314 - Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.
H318 - Causes serious eye damage.
H335 - May cause respiratory irritation.
H401 - Toxic to aquatic life.
H412 - Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Precautionary Statements (GHS-US)

: P234 - Keep only in original container.
P260 - Do not breathe vapors, mist, or spray.
P264 - Wash hands, forearms, and other exposed areas thoroughly after handling.
P270 - Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.
P271 - Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.
P273 - Avoid release to the environment.
P280 - Wear protective gloves, protective clothing, and eye protection.
P301+P312 - If swallowed: Call a poison center or doctor if you feel unwell.
P301+P330+P331 - If swallowed: rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting.
P303+P361+P353 - If on skin (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower.
P304+P340 - If inhaled: Remove person to fresh air and keep at rest in a position

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comfortable for breathing.
P305+P351+P338 - If in eyes: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.
P310 - Immediately call a poison center or doctor.
P321 - Specific treatment (see section 4 on this SDS).
P330 - Rinse mouth.
P362+P364 - Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse.
P390 - Absorb spillage to prevent material damage.
P403+P233 - Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed.
P405 - Store locked up.
P406 - Store in corrosive resistant container with a resistant inner liner.
P501 - Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local, regional, national, and international regulations.

2.3. Other Hazards

Exposure may aggravate pre-existing eye, skin, or respiratory conditions.

2.4. Unknown Acute Toxicity (GHS-US)

No data available

SECTION 3: COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

3.1. Substance

Not applicable

3.2. Mixture

Name	Product Identifier	%	GHS-US classification
Methanesulfonic acid	(CAS No) 75-75-2	99.7	Met. Corr. 1, H290 Acute Tox. 4 (Oral), H302 Acute Tox. 4 (Dermal), H312 Skin Corr. 1B, H314 Eye Dam. 1, H318 STOT SE 3, H335 Aquatic Acute 2, H401
Diphenylamine	(CAS No) 122-39-4	0.3	Acute Tox. 3 (Oral), H301 Acute Tox. 3 (Dermal), H311 Acute Tox. 3 (Inhalation:dust,mist), H331 Eye Irrit. 2A, H319 STOT RE 2, H373 Aquatic Acute 1, H400 Aquatic Chronic 1, H410

Full text of H-phrases: see section 16

SECTION 4: FIRST AID MEASURES

4.1. Description of First-aid Measures

First-aid Measures General: Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If you feel unwell, seek medical advice (show the label where possible).

First-aid Measures After Inhalation: When symptoms occur: go into open air and ventilate suspected area. Obtain medical attention if breathing difficulty persists.

First-aid Measures After Skin Contact: Get immediate medical advice/attention. Remove contaminated clothing. Immediately flush skin with plenty of water for at least 30 minutes. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor.

First-aid Measures After Eye Contact: Get immediate medical advice/attention. Rinse cautiously with water for at least 30 minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.

First-aid Measures After Ingestion: Rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting. Obtain medical attention.

4.2. Most Important Symptoms and Effects Both Acute and Delayed

Symptoms/Injuries: Causes severe skin burns and eye damage. May cause respiratory irritation. Harmful if swallowed. Harmful in contact with skin.

Symptoms/Injuries After Inhalation: Irritation of the respiratory tract and the other mucous membranes. May be corrosive to the respiratory tract.

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Symptoms/Injuries After Skin Contact: This material is harmful through skin contact, and can cause adverse health effects or death in significant amounts. This material may be absorbed through the skin and eyes. Causes severe irritation which will progress to chemical burns.

Symptoms/Injuries After Eye Contact: Causes permanent damage to the cornea, iris, or conjunctiva.

Symptoms/Injuries After Ingestion: This material is harmful orally and can cause adverse health effects or death in significant amounts. May cause burns or irritation of the linings of the mouth, throat, and gastrointestinal tract.

Chronic Symptoms: None known.

4.3. Indication of Any Immediate Medical Attention and Special Treatment Needed

If exposed or concerned, get medical advice and attention. If medical advice is needed, have product container or label at hand.

SECTION 5: FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES

5.1. Extinguishing Media

Suitable Extinguishing Media: Water spray, dry chemical, foam, carbon dioxide.

Unsuitable Extinguishing Media: Do not use a heavy water stream. Use of heavy stream of water may spread fire.

5.2. Special Hazards Arising From the Substance or Mixture

Fire Hazard: Not considered flammable but may burn at high temperatures.

Explosion Hazard: Risk of fire and explosion on contact with combustible substances or reducing agents. Contact with metallic substances may release flammable hydrogen gas.

Reactivity: May be corrosive to metals. Contact with metals may evolve flammable hydrogen gas. May react exothermically with water releasing heat. Adding an acid to a base or base to an acid may cause a violent reaction.

5.3. Advice for Firefighters

Precautionary Measures Fire: Exercise caution when fighting any chemical fire.

Firefighting Instructions: Use water spray or fog for cooling exposed containers.

Protection During Firefighting: Do not enter fire area without proper protective equipment, including respiratory protection.

Hazardous Combustion Products: Carbon oxides (CO, CO₂). Sulfur compounds. Sulfur oxides. Toxic fumes. Nitrogen oxides.

Other Information: Do not allow run-off from fire fighting to enter drains or water courses.

SECTION 6: ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

6.1. Personal Precautions, Protective Equipment and Emergency Procedures

General Measures: Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing. Do not breathe vapor, mist or spray.

6.1.1. For Non-Emergency Personnel

Protective Equipment: Use appropriate personal protective equipment (PPE).

Emergency Procedures: Evacuate unnecessary personnel.

6.1.2. For Emergency Personnel

Protective Equipment: Equip cleanup crew with proper protection.

Emergency Procedures: Upon arrival at the scene, a first responder is expected to recognize the presence of dangerous goods, protect oneself and the public, secure the area, and call for the assistance of trained personnel as soon as conditions permit. Ventilate area.

6.2. Environmental Precautions

Prevent entry to sewers and public waters. Avoid release to the environment.

6.3. Methods and Materials for Containment and Cleaning Up

For Containment: Contain any spills with dikes or absorbents to prevent migration and entry into sewers or streams. As an immediate precautionary measure, isolate spill or leak area in all directions.

Methods for Cleaning Up: Clean up spills immediately and dispose of waste safely. Transfer spilled material to a suitable container for disposal. Contact competent authorities after a spill. Absorb spillage to prevent material damage. Cautiously neutralize spilled liquid.

6.4. Reference to Other Sections

See Section 8 for exposure controls and personal protection and Section 13 for disposal considerations.

SECTION 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE

7.1. Precautions for Safe Handling

Additional Hazards When Processed: May be corrosive to metals. May release corrosive vapors.

Precautions for Safe Handling: NEVER pour water into this substance; when dissolving or diluting always add it slowly to the water. Wash hands and other exposed areas with mild soap and water before eating, drinking or smoking and when leaving work. Handle empty containers with care because they may still present a hazard. Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing. Do not breathe vapor, mist, spray.

Hygiene Measures: Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety procedures.

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7.2. Conditions for Safe Storage, Including Any Incompatibilities

Technical Measures: Comply with applicable regulations.

Storage Conditions: Keep container closed when not in use. Store in a dry, cool place. Keep/Store away from direct sunlight, extremely high or low temperatures and incompatible materials. Store in corrosive resistant container with a resistant inner liner. Store in original container or corrosive resistant and/or lined container.

Incompatible Materials: Strong acids, strong bases, strong oxidizers. Amines. Reducing agents. Metals. May be corrosive to metals.

Packaging materials: Store in corrosive resistant container with a resistant inner liner.

7.3. Specific End Use(s)

Gunshot residue detection. For professional use only.

SECTION 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

8.1. Control Parameters

For substances listed in section 3 that are not listed here, there are no established exposure limits from the manufacturer, supplier, importer, or the appropriate advisory agency including: ACGIH (TLV), AIHA (WEEL), NIOSH (REL), or OSHA (PEL).

Diphenylamine (122-39-4)		
USA ACGIH	ACGIH TWA (mg/m ³)	10 mg/m ³
USA ACGIH	ACGIH chemical category	Not Classifiable as a Human Carcinogen
USA NIOSH	NIOSH REL (TWA) (mg/m ³)	10 mg/m ³

8.2. Exposure Controls

Appropriate Engineering Controls

: Emergency eye wash fountains and safety showers should be available in the immediate vicinity of any potential exposure. Ensure adequate ventilation, especially in confined areas. Ensure all national/local regulations are observed.

Personal Protective Equipment

: Gloves. Protective clothing. Protective goggles. Face shield. Insufficient ventilation: wear respiratory protection.



Materials for Protective Clothing

: Chemically resistant materials and fabrics. Corrosion-proof clothing.

Hand Protection

: Wear protective gloves.

Eye and Face Protection

: Chemical safety goggles and face shield.

Skin and Body Protection

: Wear suitable protective clothing.

Respiratory Protection

: If exposure limits are exceeded or irritation is experienced, approved respiratory protection should be worn. In case of inadequate ventilation, oxygen deficient atmosphere, or where exposure levels are not known wear approved respiratory protection.

Other Information

: When using, do not eat, drink or smoke.

SECTION 9: PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

9.1. Information on Basic Physical and Chemical Properties

Physical State	: Liquid
Appearance	: Clear liquid contained in 0.78 - 0.83 mL sealed glass ampules
Odor	: No data available
Odor Threshold	: No data available
pH	: No data available
Evaporation Rate	: No data available
Melting Point	: No data available
Freezing Point	: No data available
Boiling Point	: No data available
Flash Point	: No data available
Auto-ignition Temperature	: No data available
Decomposition Temperature	: No data available
Flammability (solid, gas)	: Not applicable
Vapor Pressure	: No data available
Relative Vapor Density at 20°C	: No data available

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Relative Density	: No data available
Solubility	: No data available
Partition Coefficient: N-Octanol/Water	: No data available
Viscosity	: No data available

9.2. Other Information

No additional information available

SECTION 10: STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

- 10.1. Reactivity:** May be corrosive to metals. Contact with metals may evolve flammable hydrogen gas. May react exothermically with water releasing heat. Adding an acid to a base or base to an acid may cause a violent reaction.
- 10.2. Chemical Stability:** Stable under recommended handling and storage conditions (see section 7).
- 10.3. Possibility of Hazardous Reactions:** Hazardous polymerization will not occur.
- 10.4. Conditions to Avoid:** Direct sunlight, extremely high or low temperatures, and incompatible materials.
- 10.5. Incompatible Materials:** Strong acids, strong bases, strong oxidizers. Amines. Reducing agents. Metals. May be corrosive to metals.
- 10.6. Hazardous Decomposition Products:** Thermal decomposition generates: Corrosive vapors.

SECTION 11: TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

11.1. Information on Toxicological Effects

Acute Toxicity: Oral: Harmful if swallowed. Dermal: Harmful in contact with skin.

Diphenylamine in Methanesulfonic acid	
ATE (Oral)	638.19 mg/kg body weight
ATE (Dermal)	1,091.27 mg/kg body weight
Diphenylamine (122-39-4)	
LD50 Oral Rat	1120 mg/kg
LD50 Dermal Rabbit	> 2000 mg/kg
ATE (Oral)	100.00 mg/kg body weight
ATE (Dermal)	300.00 mg/kg body weight
ATE (Dust/Mist)	0.50 mg/l/4h
Methanesulfonic acid (75-75-2)	
LD50 Oral Rat	648.7 mg/kg (OECD Test Guideline 401)
LD50 Dermal Rabbit	> 1000 mg/kg < 2000 mg/kg (OECD Test Guideline 402)
ATE (Dermal)	1,100.00 mg/kg body weight

Skin Corrosion/Irritation: Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.

Serious Eye Damage/Irritation: Causes serious eye damage.

Respiratory or Skin Sensitization: Not classified

Germ Cell Mutagenicity: Not classified

Carcinogenicity: Not classified

Reproductive Toxicity: Not classified

Specific Target Organ Toxicity (Single Exposure): May cause respiratory irritation.

Specific Target Organ Toxicity (Repeated Exposure): Not classified

Aspiration Hazard: Not classified

Symptoms/Injuries After Inhalation: Irritation of the respiratory tract and the other mucous membranes. May be corrosive to the respiratory tract.

Symptoms/Injuries After Skin Contact: This material is harmful through skin contact, and can cause adverse health effects or death in significant amounts. This material may be absorbed through the skin and eyes. Causes severe irritation which will progress to chemical burns.

Symptoms/Injuries After Eye Contact: Causes permanent damage to the cornea, iris, or conjunctiva.

Symptoms/Injuries After Ingestion: This material is harmful orally and can cause adverse health effects or death in significant amounts. May cause burns or irritation of the linings of the mouth, throat, and gastrointestinal tract.

Chronic Symptoms: None known.

SECTION 12: ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

12.1. Toxicity

Ecology - General : Toxic to aquatic life. Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Diphenylamine (122-39-4)	
LC50 Fish 1	3.47 - 4.14 mg/l (Exposure time: 96 h - Species: Pimephales promelas [flow-through])

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EC50 Daphnia 1	1.69 - 2.46 mg/l (Exposure time: 48 h - Species: Daphnia magna)
ErC50 (Algae)	0.36 mg/l (Exposure time: 72 h - Species: Green algae)
Methanesulfonic acid (75-75-2)	
LC50 Fish 1	73 mg/l (OECD Test Guideline 203 - Exposure time: 96 h - Species: Oncorhynchus mykiss [static])
EC50 Daphnia 1	70 mg/l (OECD Test Guideline 202 - Exposure time: 48 h - Species: Daphnia [static])
ErC50 (Algae)	7.2 - 20 mg/l (OECD Test Guideline 201 - Exposure time: 96 h - Species: Selenastrum capricornutum [static])

12.2. Persistence and Degradability

Diphenylamine in Methanesulfonic acid	
Persistence and Degradability	May cause long-term adverse effects in the environment.

12.3. Bioaccumulative Potential

Diphenylamine in Methanesulfonic acid	
Bioaccumulative Potential	Not established.

Diphenylamine (122-39-4)	
BCF Fish 1	51 - 253
Log Pow	3.4

12.4. Mobility in Soil No additional information available

12.5. Other Adverse Effects

Other Information : Avoid release to the environment.

SECTION 13: DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

13.1. Waste Treatment Methods

Waste Disposal Recommendations: Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local, regional, national, and international regulations.

Additional Information: Container may remain hazardous when empty. Continue to observe all precautions.

Ecology - Waste Materials: Avoid release to the environment. This material is hazardous to the aquatic environment. Keep out of sewers and waterways.

SECTION 14: TRANSPORT INFORMATION

The shipping description(s) stated herein were prepared in accordance with certain assumptions at the time the SDS was authored, and can vary based on a number of variables that may or may not have been known at the time the SDS was issued.

14.1. In Accordance with DOT

Proper Shipping Name : CORROSIVE LIQUID, ACIDIC, ORGANIC, N.O.S. (Contains Methanesulfonic acid)
Hazard Class : 8
Identification Number : UN3265
Label Codes : 8
Packing Group : II
ERG Number : 153



14.2. In Accordance with IMDG

Proper Shipping Name : CORROSIVE LIQUID, ACIDIC, ORGANIC, N.O.S. (Contains Methanesulfonic acid)
Hazard Class : 8
Identification Number : UN3265
Packing Group : II
Label Codes : 8
EmS-No. (Fire) : F-A
EmS-No. (Spillage) : S-B



14.3. In Accordance with IATA

Proper Shipping Name : CORROSIVE LIQUID, ACIDIC, ORGANIC, N.O.S. (Contains Methanesulfonic acid)
Packing Group : II
Identification Number : UN3265
Hazard Class : 8
Label Codes : 8
ERG Code (IATA) : 8L



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SECTION 15: REGULATORY INFORMATION

15.1. US Federal Regulations

Diphenylamine in Methanesulfonic acid	
SARA Section 311/312 Hazard Classes	Immediate (acute) health hazard
Diphenylamine (122-39-4)	
Listed on the United States TSCA (Toxic Substances Control Act) inventory Subject to reporting requirements of United States SARA Section 313	
SARA Section 313 - Emission Reporting	1 %
Methanesulfonic acid (75-75-2)	
Listed on the United States TSCA (Toxic Substances Control Act) inventory	

15.2. US State Regulations

Diphenylamine (122-39-4)	
U.S. - Massachusetts - Right To Know List U.S. - New Jersey - Right to Know Hazardous Substance List U.S. - Pennsylvania - RTK (Right to Know) - Environmental Hazard List U.S. - Pennsylvania - RTK (Right to Know) List	
Methanesulfonic acid (75-75-2)	
U.S. - New Jersey - Right to Know Hazardous Substance List	

SECTION 16: OTHER INFORMATION, INCLUDING DATE OF PREPARATION OR LAST REVISION

Date of Preparation or Latest Revision	: 09/06/2017
Other Information	: This document has been prepared in accordance with the SDS requirements of the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard 29 CFR 1910.1200

GHS Full Text Phrases:

Acute Tox. 3 (Dermal)	Acute toxicity (dermal) Category 3
Acute Tox. 3 (Inhalation:dust,mist)	Acute toxicity (inhalation:dust,mist) Category 3
Acute Tox. 3 (Oral)	Acute toxicity (oral) Category 3
Acute Tox. 4 (Dermal)	Acute toxicity (dermal) Category 4
Acute Tox. 4 (Oral)	Acute toxicity (oral) Category 4
Aquatic Acute 1	Hazardous to the aquatic environment - Acute Hazard Category 1
Aquatic Acute 2	Hazardous to the aquatic environment - Acute Hazard Category 2
Aquatic Chronic 1	Hazardous to the aquatic environment - Chronic Hazard Category 1
Aquatic Chronic 3	Hazardous to the aquatic environment - Chronic Hazard Category 3
Eye Dam. 1	Serious eye damage/eye irritation Category 1
Eye Irrit. 2A	Serious eye damage/eye irritation Category 2A
Met. Corr. 1	Corrosive to metals Category 1
Skin Corr. 1B	Skin corrosion/irritation Category 1B
STOT RE 2	Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure) Category 2
STOT SE 3	Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure) Category 3
H290	May be corrosive to metals
H301	Toxic if swallowed
H302	Harmful if swallowed
H311	Toxic in contact with skin
H312	Harmful in contact with skin
H314	Causes severe skin burns and eye damage
H318	Causes serious eye damage
H319	Causes serious eye irritation
H331	Toxic if inhaled
H335	May cause respiratory irritation
H373	May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure
H400	Very toxic to aquatic life

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H401	Toxic to aquatic life
H410	Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects
H412	Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects

This information is based on our current knowledge and is intended to describe the product for the purposes of health, safety and environmental requirements only. It should not therefore be construed as guaranteeing any specific property of the product.

SDS US (GHS HazCom)